## **ASSIGNMENT 1**

Textbook Assignment: "Construction Support," chapter 1, pages 1-1 through 1-25.

- 1-1. Safety in the conduct of rigging operations depends primarily on what factor?
  - 1. Size of line used
  - 2. Type of slings used
  - 3. Paygrade of the supervisor
  - 4. Care and common sense of personnel assigned
- 1-2. What is the most important operational check (inspection) made on hoisting and rigging equipment?
  - 1. Crane operation
  - 2. Line and rigging
  - 3. Lifting and load
  - 4. Load only
- 1-3. The strength of rigging lines depends on what factor(s)?
  - 1. The manufacturer of the line
  - 2. The size, fiber used, and the type of stranding
  - 3. Tensile strength tests
  - 4. Lay and resistance to wear
- 1-4. The term "whipping" refers to what factor when applied to a line?
  - 1. It prevents twisting of the line
  - 2. It prevents fatigue resistance of the line
  - 3. It improves the abrasion resistance of the line
  - 4. It prevents strands from unraveling

- 1-5. What precaution should you take before storing a fiber line?
  - 1. Ensure the line is dry
  - 2. Use forced rotation to squeeze excess water from the .line
  - 3. Dip the line in an oil lubricant to prevent water damage
  - 4. Check the core strength by performing a sudden strain test
- 1-6. Of the following areas, which one should be used for storing a line?
  - 1. A dry, unheated building that is well ventilated
  - 2. An air conditioned building
  - 3. A heated and unventilated building
  - 4. A building with many windows that allows sunlight to enter

## LOAD FACTORS

- A. Safe Working Load
- B. Breaking Strength
- C. Free Payload Strength
- D. Safety Factor

Figure 1A

IN ANSWERING QUESTIONS 1-7 THROUGH 1-9, REFER TO FIGURE 1A. SELECT THE LOAD FACTOR THAT MATCHES THE SITUATION PRESENTED IN THE QUESTION.

1-12. Using the "rule-of-thumb" formula 1-7. The tension at which the line will for computing the SWL of synthetic part when a load is applied. fiber line, determine the SWL of 1inch-diameter nylon line. 1. A 2. B 1. 3.840 lb 3. C 4. D 2. 4,000 lb 3. 4,180 lb 4. 4,280 lb 1-8. The load that can be applied without causing damage. 1-13. Wire rope consists of what three parts? 1. A 2. B 3. C 1. Breech, choker hitch, and becket 4. D Choker hitch, fiber line, and 2. spreader bar 1-9. The ratio between the breaking Wire, strands, and core 3. strength and the safe working load. 4. Strands, breech, and spreader 1. A 2. B 3. C 1-14. Unlaying of nonpreformed wire rope is rapid and could cause 4. D serious injury. What is the SWL of a new 2-inch-1-10. diameter No. 1 manila line? 1. True 2. False 1. 3.380 lb 2. 4,620 lb 1-15. Wire rope with what number of (a) strands and (b) wires in each strand 3. 6,625 lb 4. 7,750 lb is the most flexible? 1. (b) 19 1-11. Synthetic-fiber lines are used in the (a) Navy for which of the following 2. (a) 6 (b) 37

## TENSILE STRENGTH

(a) 8 (b) 41

(b) 38

3.

4.

(a) 8

- A. 180,000 to 200,000
- B. 200,000 to 220,000
- C. 220,000 to 240,000
- D. 240,000 to 260,000

Figure 1B

reasons?

strong

They are easy to handle They are highly resistant to mildew, rot, and fungus

They are light-weight and

Each of the above

1.

3.

4.

IN ANSWERING QUESTIONS 1-16 THROUGH 1-18, MATCH THE TENSILE STRENGTH IN FIGURE 1B WITH THE TYPE OF ROPE MATERIAL USED AS THE QUESTION.

- 1-16. Improved-plow steel.
  - 1. A
  - 2. B
  - 3. C
  - 4. D
- 1-17. Mid-plow steel.
  - 1. A
  - 2. B
  - 3. C
  - 4. D
- 1-18. Plow-steel.
  - 1. A
  - 2. B
  - 3. C
  - 4. D
- 1-19. To ensure an accurate measurement of the diameter of a wire rope, you should measure the wire rope in (a) how many places on six-stranded rope and (b) how many places on eight-stranded rope?
  - 1. (a) Two (b) three
  - 2. (a) Three (b) three
  - 3. (a) Three (b) four
  - 4. (a) Two (b) four

- 1-20. Using the "rule-of-thumb" formula, what is the SWL of 3/4-inch-diameter wire rope?
  - 1. 3.2 tons
  - 2. 4.5 tons
  - 3. 5.3 tons
  - 4. 6.4 tons
- 1-21. The inspection of wire rope clips at regular intervals should also include what other task?
  - 1. Hitting the clips with a hammer to see if the metal will flake
  - 2. Spraying the clips with paint to show they have been inspected
  - 3. Measuring for slippage of clips
  - 4. Removing the clips and examining the wire rope
- 1-22. What is the purpose of a wire rope thimble in an eye splice?
  - 1. It reduces abrasive wear on the wire rope
  - 2. It increases the distance between the load and the hoist tip
  - 3. It speeds up the work
  - 4. It is required for hoisting cylindrical objects
- 1-23. Shackles should replace hooks during what lifting operation?
  - 1. When lifting a load to an unknown radius
  - 2. When lifting a load where personnel may be working or walking under the load
  - 3. When the loads are too heavy for the hooks to handle
  - 4. When lifting the load in a tight area

- 1-24. What should be done with a hook that has been bent by overloading?
  - 1. Straighten it and put it back in service
  - 2. Have the safety LCPO approve it for service
  - 3. Weld additional steel on the sides and place it back in service
  - 4. Cut it in half and discard it
- 1-25. At what time interval or under what circumstances should you inspect hooks visually?
  - 1. Monthly
  - 2. After 50 hr of service
  - 3. At the beginning of each workday and before lifting a full-rated load
  - 4. Only when the hook is used for clamshell or dragline projects
- 1-26. What advantage does fiber-line slings have over wire-rope or chain slings?
  - 1. They are heavier and stronger
  - 2. They resist damage from sharp edges
  - 3. They are more flexible and offer protection to finished materials
  - 4. They require less supporting equipment
- 1-27. An endless sling is frequently used as a choker hitch.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False

- 1-28. A single-leg sling is also known as a
  - 1. chocker
  - 2. strap
  - 3. bridle
  - 4. gripp
- 1-29. Two single slings can be combined to form a longer single sling.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False
- 1-30. Why is it. important to match sets of slings?
  - 1. So they will withstand heavier loads
  - 2. So a varied mobile lift within a small working area can be accomplished
  - 3. So the load strain will be equal and the load will come up evenly
  - 4. Each of the above
- 1-31. Which of the following components is added to heavy equipment to aid in lifting?
  - 1. Stress bars
  - 2. Spreader bars
  - 3. Roll bars
  - 4. Lifting eyes
- 1-32. Chafing gear is used to protect slings that are exposed to sharp edges.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False

- 1-33. Chain slings are desirable for what type of load?
  - 1. Cold loads
  - 2. Light loads
  - 3. Nonsharp loads
  - 4. Hot- and sharp-edged loads
- 1-34. When using chain slings, you should ensure what material is in place around the load to provide a gripping surface for the chain?
  - 1. Fiber pads
  - 2. A composite covering
  - 3. Wood
  - 4. Wire mesh
- 1-35. Bolts and heavy gauge wire may be used to fasten links of chain together.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False
- 1-36. Which of the following defects should you look for during a fiberline sling inspection?
  - 1. Deterioration caused by exposure to the weather
  - 2. Broken fibers
  - 3. Cut fibers
  - 4. Each of the above
- 1-37. Wire-rope slings must be replaced when what percentage of wires are nicked or cut?
  - 1. 1 percent
  - 2. 2 percent
  - 3. 3 percent
  - 4. 4 percent

- 1-38. What type of collateral equipment is used to prevent crushing of a load?
  - 1. Stress slings
  - 2. Cargo pallets
  - 3. Spreader bars
  - 4. Rope slings
- 1-39. What is the advantage of using cargo pallets?
  - 1. They make the load easier to move
  - 2. They allow single large items to be moved more efficiently
  - 3. Spreader bars do not need to be used
  - 4. Single items may be moved piece by piece
- 1-40. Which of the following is NOT a requirement for performance as a competent signalman for a crane or hoist operation?
  - 1. Be fully qualified with the operation
  - 2. Ensure the suspended load never passes over anyone
  - 3. Assist in operating the equipment, as needed
  - 4. Wear high-visibility gloves
- 1-41. To ensure a load is stable and does not shift, you should rig the load so that its center of gravity is positioned in accordance with what requirement?
  - 1. Above the hook
  - 2. In line with the hook
  - 3. Either 1 or 2 above
  - 4. Below the hook

- 1-42. When the signalman desires to give the equipment operator instructions other than those established beforehand, the operator should perform what action first?
  - 1. Stop all motion of the load
  - 2. Have a runner contact the signalman
  - 3. Blow the horn
  - 4. Raise and lower the load about 2 feet in acknowledgement
- 1-43. When the distance or atmospheric conditions prevent clear visibility for signaling, what other form of communication should you use?
  - 1. Large Q cards
  - 2. Manual Morse
  - 3. A flashing light
  - 4. Two-way radio
- 1-44. What is the most important rigging precaution?
  - 1. To determine the proper lifting angle
  - 2. To determine whether hand signals being used are adequate
  - 3. To determine the weight of all loads before attempting a lift
  - 4. To ensure the crane can reach the material safely
- 1-45. Because gusty wind can affect loading and load-landing operations, you should take which of the following precautions?
  - 1. Wrap the load with a wind-reducing material
  - 2. Avoid handling loads that have large wind-catching surfaces
  - 3. Add additional tie lines
  - 4. Use additional tie-down ropes

- 1-46. What is the primary cause of death for riggers on the job?
  - 1. Electrocution
  - 2. Falling equipment
  - 3. Cables that snap
- 1-47. What is the minimum safe working distance from an energized conductor of 125,000 volts?
  - 1. 10 ft
  - 2. 15 ft
  - 3. 20 ft
  - 4. 25 ft
- 1-48. Refer to figure 1-18 in the text. What is wrong with the lifting procedure?
  - 1. There is only one tag line
  - 2. The hoisting lines are plumb
  - 3. The hoisting lines are not plumb
- 1-49. Under certain circumstances, it is permissible to ride on a well-rigged load.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False
- 1-50. OPNAVINST 4110.2 establishes guidance and policy for what subject?
  - 1. Safety precautions and programs
  - 2. Health and physical readiness programs
  - 3. Hazardous material control and management
  - 4. Basic skills for job orientation and OJT programs

- 1-51. The requirement to comply with a foreign country's HMJHW regulations (if more restrictive) is found in what document(s)?
  - 1. Host nation Status of Forces agreement
  - 2. United States Navy HM/HW regulations
  - 3. United Nations HM/HW regulations
  - 4. U.S. OSHA and EPA regulations
- 1-52. Of the following OPNAV instructions, which ones cover the use, storage, and disposal of HM?
  - 1. OPNAVINST 1306.1 and 5352.1
  - 2. OPNAVINST 4110.2 and 5100.23
  - 3. OPNAVINST 5354.1 and 1160.4
  - 4. OPNAVINST 5700.7 and 6110.1
- 1-53. The MSDS identifies the type of personnel protective clothing and equipment needed in the case of exposure.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False
- 1-54. The battalion air detachment must be capable of deploying within how many hours of notification?
  - 1. 12
  - 2. 24
  - 3. 48
  - 4. 72

- 1-55. A battalion air detachment should have approximately how many members?
  - 1. 75
  - 2. 90
  - 3. 120
  - 4. 160
- 1-56. With logistic support intact, an air detachment may operate independently of an NMCB for what total length of time?
  - 1. 1 month
  - 2. 6 months
  - 3. 12 months
  - 4. Indefinitely
- 1-57. What person assigns members to the air detachment in a battalion?
  - 1. Det OIC
  - 2. OPS officer
  - 3. Company commander
  - 4. Executive officer
- 1-58. The Table of Allowance equips the battalion for contingency conditions for a total of how many days?
  - 1. 90
  - 2. 120
  - 3. 180
  - 4. 270
- 1-59. What is the (a) length and (b) width of a 463L pallet cargo space, in inches?
  - 1. (a) 104 (b) 84
  - 2. (a) 108 (b) 84
  - 3. (a) 104 (b) 88
  - 4. (a) 108 (b) 88

- 1-60. The MOCC is under the direction of what battalion officer?
  - 1. OPS officer
  - 2. Air det OIC
  - 3. Commanding officer
  - 4. Executive officer
- 1-61. What is the maximum load capacity of a palletized cargo pallet?
  - 1. 2,900 lb
  - 2. 5,000 lb
  - 3. 10,000 lb
  - 4. 15,000 lb
- 1-62. The construction project platoon is NOT responsible for which of the following tasks?
  - 1. Disaster recovery
  - 2. Rapid runway repairs
  - 3. Construction of advanced bases
  - 4. Assigning heavy equipment for use
- 1-63. Tool kits should be maintained at what maximum percentage of kit assembly allowance?
  - 1. 100 percent
  - 2. 90 percent
  - 3. 80 percent
  - 4. 75 percent
- 1-64. On the jobsite, what person is responsible for tool stowage and security?
  - 1. The project safety petty officer
  - 2. The crew members
  - 3. The crew leader
  - 4. The company chief